



Quarterly qualifying defence contract statistics: Q1 2020/21

Single Source
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This bulletin presents key statistics relating to the number, duration and estimated price, costs and profit of qualifying defence contracts (QDCs) and qualifying sub-contracts (QSCs). This data is reported by defence contractors to the SSRO through contract reports, as required by Part 5 of the Single Source Contract Regulations 2014. This bulletin reports on contracts which became a QDC/QSC between 1 April 2015 and 30 June 2020.

The SSRO was notified of 315 contracts that became QDCs/QSCs between 1 April 2015 and 30 June 2020. Contractors have one month after the date the contract becomes a QDC to submit reports, and as of 31 July 2020 the SSRO had received reports for 304 contracts that became QDCs/QSCs by 30 June 2020, which the following analysis is based on.

All data is based on the latest submitted report for each QDC/QSC as of 31 July 2020, to reflect the most recently reported contract data. Where any figures have been revised from those previously published, this is denoted by an 'r'.

Summary

In the three months between 1 April 2020 and 30 June 2020:

- 14 contracts became QDCs, and 1 contract became a QSC.
- These QDCs/QSCs reported a total estimated contract price of £887 million (£797 million of estimated Allowable Costs and £90 million of estimated profit).

Since the start of the regime, between 1 April 2015 and 30 June 2020:

- 304 contracts became QDCs/QSCs (260 QDCs and 44 QSCs).
- The total estimated contract price of these QDCs/QSCs was £43.1 billion (£39.2 billion of estimated Allowable Costs, £3.9 billion of estimated profit).
- The mean estimated contract profit rate for these QDCs/QSCs was 9.42 per cent.
- The mean estimated contract duration of QDCs/QSCs was 4.4 years.

Figure 1: Number of QDCs/QSCs by financial quarter in which contract became QDC/QSC

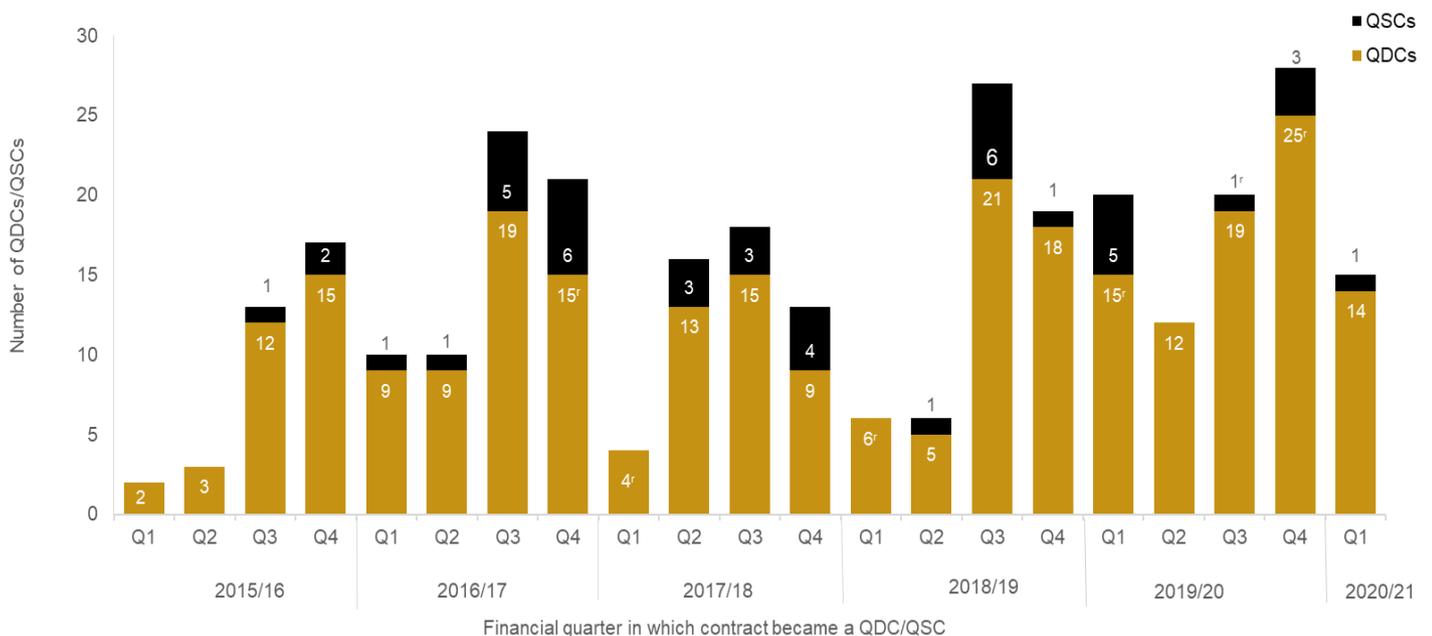
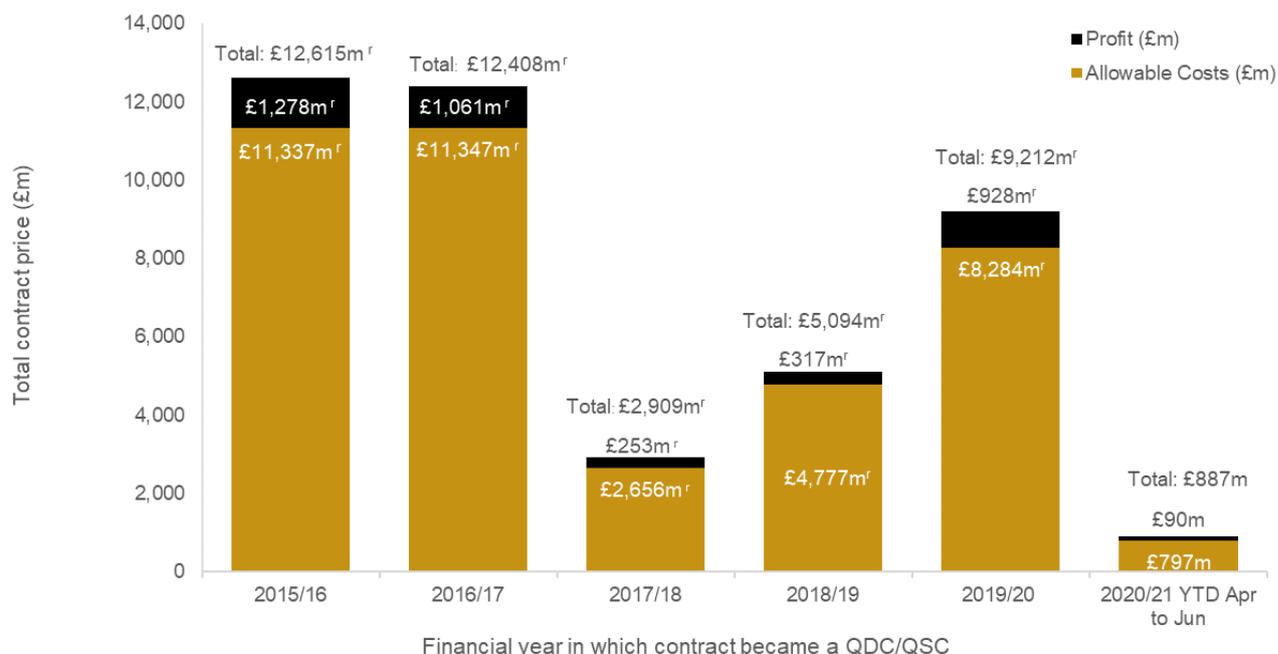


Figure 2: Stock of estimated total contract price of QDCs/QSCs by financial year in which contract became a QDC/QSC, split by estimated cost and profit**Table 1: Number of QDCs/QSCs by financial quarter in which contract became QDC/QSC**

| Financial quarter in which contract became a QDC/QSC | QDCs | QSCs | Total |
|--|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Q1 2015/16 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Q2 2015/16 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Q3 2015/16 | 12 | 1 | 13 |
| Q4 2015/16 | 15 | 2 | 17 |
| Q1 2016/17 | 9 | 1 | 10 |
| Q2 2016/17 | 9 | 1 | 10 |
| Q3 2016/17 | 19 | 5 | 24 |
| Q4 2016/17 | 15 ^r | 6 | 21 ^r |
| Q1 2017/18 | 4 ^r | 0 | 4 ^r |
| Q2 2017/18 | 13 | 3 | 16 |
| Q3 2017/18 | 15 | 3 | 18 |
| Q4 2017/18 | 9 | 4 | 13 |
| Q1 2018/19 | 6 ^r | 0 | 6 ^r |
| Q2 2018/19 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Q3 2018/19 | 21 | 6 | 27 |
| Q4 2018/19 | 18 | 1 | 19 |
| Q1 2019/20 | 15 ^r | 5 | 20 ^r |
| Q2 2019/20 | 12 | 0 | 12 |
| Q3 2019/20 | 19 | 1 ^r | 20 ^r |
| Q4 2019/20 | 25 ^r | 3 | 28 ^r |
| Q1 2020/21 | 14 | 1 | 15 |
| Total | 260 | 44 | 304 |

Table 2: Stock of estimated total contract price of QDCs/QSCs by financial year in which contract became a QDC/QSC, split by estimated cost and profit¹

| Financial year in which contract became a QDC/QSC | Allowable Costs (£m) | Profit (£m) | Total Contract Price (£m) |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 2015/16 | 11,337 ^r | 1,278 ^r | 12,615 ^r |
| 2016/17 | 11,347 ^r | 1,061 ^r | 12,408 ^r |
| 2017/18 | 2,656 ^r | 253 ^r | 2,909 ^r |
| 2018/19 | 4,777 ^r | 317 ^r | 5,094 ^r |
| 2019/20 | 8,284 ^r | 928 ^r | 9,212 ^r |
| 2020/21 YTD Apr to Jun | 797 | 90 | 887 |
| Total | 39,198 | 3,927 | 43,125 |

Table 3: Average (mean) estimated contract profit rate agreed at date contract became a QDC/QSC, by financial year in which contract became a QDC/QSC

| Financial year in which a contract became a QDC/QSC | Average contract profit rate (%) |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 2015/16 | 11.27 |
| 2016/17 | 10.56 ^r |
| 2017/18 | 8.37 ^r |
| 2018/19 | 8.33 ^r |
| 2019/20 | 9.13 ^r |
| 2020/21 YTD Apr to Jun | 9.40 |
| Total | 9.42 |

Table 4: Average (mean) estimated contract duration of QDCs/QSCs by financial year in which contract became a QDC/QSC

| Financial year in which contract became a QDC/QSC | Average duration (years) |
|---|--------------------------|
| 2015/16 | 5.0 |
| 2016/17 | 5.0 |
| 2017/18 | 4.2 ^r |
| 2018/19 | 4.7 ^r |
| 2019/20 | 3.8 ^r |
| 2020/21 YTD Apr to Jun | 3.1 |
| Total | 4.4 |

¹ Calculating the percentage of profit on total Allowable Costs using these figures would represent the cost weighted average profit rate. Therefore, this will differ from the average (mean) estimated profit rate reported in Table 3.

Data sources and methodology

Data sources

The data in this report is sourced from a number of different contract reports submitted to the SSRO by contractors:

- The contract pricing and duration data in this report is sourced from the latest available data in the Contract Pricing Statement, Quarterly Contract Report, Interim Contract Report or Contract Completion Report.
- The contract profit rate data is sourced from the latest available data in the Contract Pricing Statement only.

Because the data can be sourced from different reports, the contract profit rate statistics reflect the agreed position at the date the contract became a QDC/QSC, unless an updated figure has been provided in a new Contract Pricing Statement. The contract price statistics reflect the latest reported agreed price either when the contract was entered into or amended, whereas contractors are only required to provide either the actual or expected contract completion date, and so the contract duration figures reflect the latest reported actual or expected duration. The user guide for these reports is available on the SSRO's website². Data from these reports are collated in the Defence Contract Analysis and Reporting System (DefCARS).

Time series data is reported using the date a contract became a QDC/QSC (the initial reporting date³) and defence contractors are required to submit their initial contract reports within a month of this date. Only contracts which became QDCs/QSCs on or before 30 June 2020 have been included in this release, and relates to data submitted or notified to the SSRO by 31 July 2020.

Contracts that have submitted a Contract Completion Report (CCR), indicating that the contract has now completed, are still included in the analysis. The 2019/20 statistics bulletin introduced new statistics looking at contracts that have now completed, which will continue to be provided as part of the annual releases. The SSRO will review whether more statistics on completed contracts can be provided in future, as more CCRs are submitted.

Data revisions

The contract prices, costs and profit rates reported are those used for contract pricing purposes and may not reflect the final values of the contract once it is completed. Where a contract has submitted a Contract Completion Report, the price, cost and profit rate are still as at the latest time of agreement, rather than the actual values achieved. All figures are provisional, and may be updated in future statistical releases. Data may also be revised for previous quarters when report submissions which were not received by the reporting cut-off date are later received, or where suppliers have provided corrected or updated reports with new data. Where data is updated from a previous bulletin, the figure will be indicated with an 'r'.

Where errors are found in the statistics, or where there are significant changes to published data that might affect the utility of the statistics, the SSRO may correct these by reissuing the publication, outside of the scheduled statistical release programme. Where this happens, the reason and impact of the revision will be given.

Adjustments to data

All data is as reported by defence contractors, except in circumstances where there are known, and significant, data quality issues. Where there are issues, the data has been amended to ensure the

² <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/contract-and-supplier-reporting-defcars-and-associated-guidance>

³ Either the date the contract was entered into, or if it is a QDC/QSC by amendment, the date of the amendment.

statistics are not misleading. In summary, the following adjustments were made in a small number of cases:

- some dates at which the contract became a QDC/QSC were amended, if the reported date fell within a different financial year to the known date the contract became a QDC/QSC;
- some contract prices were amended, for example where these were reported in different units or currencies; and
- where the latest contract report did not provide the required data, a previous contract report was used if that did contain the relevant data.

Where contractors have entered monetary values in currencies other than pounds sterling, values are converted using the exchange rates published by the Bank of England as of the first day of the month in which the contract became a QDC/QSC.

Under Section 36(2) of the Single Source Contract Regulations, the SSRO monitors the extent to which report submissions comply with the reporting requirements. The SSRO Annual Compliance Report 2019⁴ provides details on the data quality of report submissions with respect to the extent they comply with the reporting requirements. The SSRO's compliance review function does not involve providing assurance that individual contracts have been priced in accordance with statutory requirements, nor is it an audit of individual submissions.

Definitions and clarifications

A QDC is a non-competitively procured defence contract with a value of £5 million or more. If a sub-contract of a QDC is also awarded without competition, and has a value of more than £25 million, it becomes a QSC. Although the price of a QSC is included within the 'parent' QDC price, for the purposes of this analysis the total price of all contracts is the total of all QDCs and QSCs.

Totals are calculated on unrounded figures, before being rounded for presentational purposes.

The total contract price may sometimes include costs incurred before the contract became a QDC/QSC ('sunk costs').

The estimated contract duration is the difference between the date the contract became a QDC/QSC (either the date the contract was entered into, or if it is a QDC/QSC by amendment, the date of the amendment), and the contract completion date (contractors can provide the expected or actual completion date).

The Defence Reform Act 2014 (the Act) requires that the price payable under a QDC/QSC must be determined in accordance with the formula: $\text{price} = (\text{CPR} \times \text{AC}) + \text{AC}$. CPR is the contract profit rate for the contract and AC is the Allowable Costs under the contract. When agreeing the contract profit rate, contractors and the MOD must follow a six-step process set out in section 17(2) of the Act and Regulation 11 of the Single Source Contract Regulations 2014 (the Regulations).

The average contract profit rates are an arithmetic mean of the reported contract profit rates reported by QDCs/QSCs within that financial year. Average contract duration is an arithmetic mean of all QDCs/QSCs within that financial year. Averages over the year to date are used for these statistics in order to preserve anonymity, and are less prone to data suppression.

⁴ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/annual-compliance-report-2019>

Commercial sensitivity

Due to the commercial sensitivity of this data, the SSRO does not release any information that will enable identification of individual contracts or contractors included within the analysis. Where publication of a low number of QDCs/QSCs within a particular data point may risk anonymity, this is suppressed, denoted by a “*”. Data relating to the number of QDCs/QSCs is not suppressed, as this does not risk disclosure of identifiable information.

For more information on the SSRO’s handling of commercially sensitive information, see the SSRO’s statement on its website⁵.

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Further information

The SSRO is committed to engaging with stakeholders to improve these statistical releases. If you would like to get in touch, please email us at helpdesk@ssro.gov.uk. The SSRO is also happy to receive feedback through regular face-to-face engagement it conducts with stakeholders.

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https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/711223/SSRO_Commercially_Sensitive_Information_Handling.pdf
